Deepwater Horizon Natural Resources Damage Assessment Texas Trustee Implementation Group

23rd Annual Lower Rio Grand Valley Water Quality Management and Planning Conference - 2021

















Agenda

- NRDA and Deepwater Horizon
- Funding in Texas
- Active Project Updates
- Next Plan



Natural Resource Damage Assessment

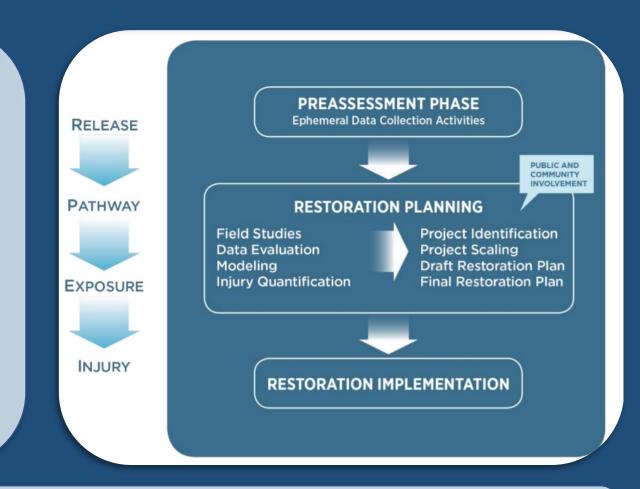
Authority: Oil Pollution Act of 1990

Trustees: Designated federal, state, and tribal

agencies

Responsibilities:

- Determine injury to natural resources and ecosystem services
- Assess damages for injuries to recover and restore natural resources and services
- Recover damages or restoration to compensate the public for those injuries



Goal: Restore injured natural resources to baseline condition and to replace ecosystem services lost while the habitat was contaminated, effectively making the environment and public whole

Deepwater Horizon Oil Spill

- In April 2010, the Deepwater Horizon mobile drilling unit exploded, caught fire, and sank
- Killed 11 workers and injured 17
- Discharged 3.19 million barrels of oil into the Gulf of Mexico over 87 days
- Injured wildlife, habitats, and ecological functions
- Adversely affected recreational opportunities



Impacted shoreline and state waters of Louisiana, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas, and Florida and in the open waters of the Gulf of Mexico

2016 Final Programmatic Damage Assessment and Restoration Plan and Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Statement (PDARP)

Injury Quantification:

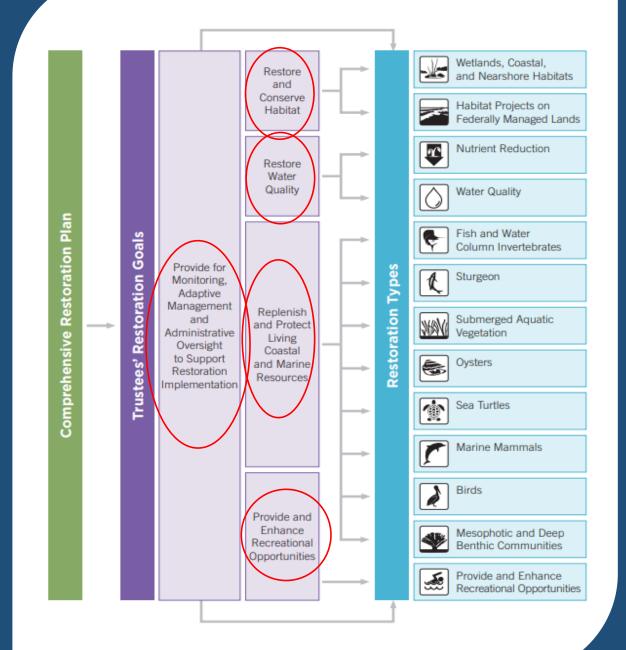
 Determines nature and extent of injuries to natural resources and services

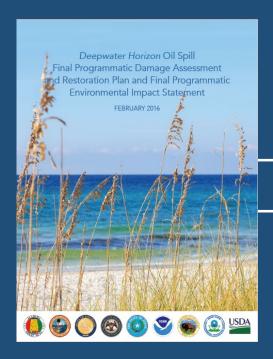
Restoration Planning:

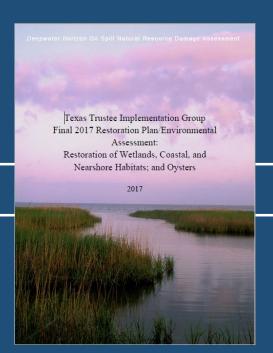
- Establishes restoration goals
- Identifies type and amount of restoration needed to compensate for the impacts
- Identifies approaches and techniques for restoration and monitoring

Damages:

 Allocates restoration funding for specific restoration types by geographic area









PDARP

- Framework document for future project-specific restoration plans
- Identifies approaches and techniques for restoration

Restoration Plans

- Identifies specific projects for restoration types established in PDARP
- Multiple restoration plans released over time
- Projects must be consistent with restoration goals, types, approaches, and techniques identified in PDARP

Restoration Projects

- Multiple restoration projects under each restoration plan
- Must be implemented in accordance with PDARP and restoration plan

Texas Trustee Implementation Group

Responsible for planning and implementing restoration activities within the Texas Restoration Area

- Identify, develop, and evaluate project alternatives
- Draft restoration plans identifying proposed projects
- Engage the public for comment on restoration plans
- Select and implement restoration projects
- Conduct monitoring and adaptive management
- Documenting actions in the Administrative Record which is available to the public



Texas TIG Agencies

National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
Department Of the Interior
United States Department of Agriculture
United States Environmental Protection Agency
Texas Parks and Wildlife Department
Texas Commission on Environmental Quality
Texas General Land Office







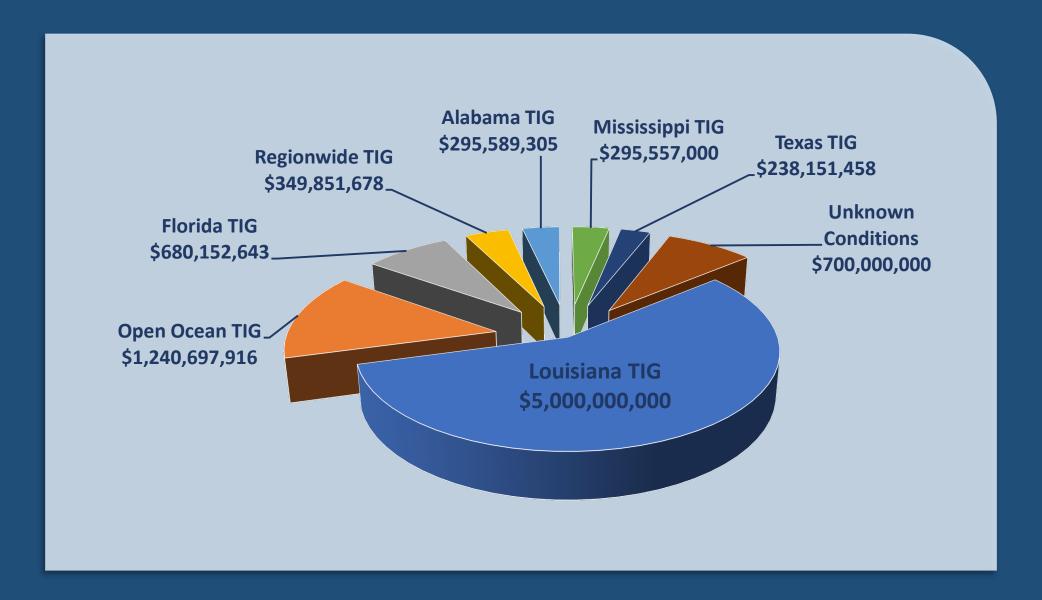








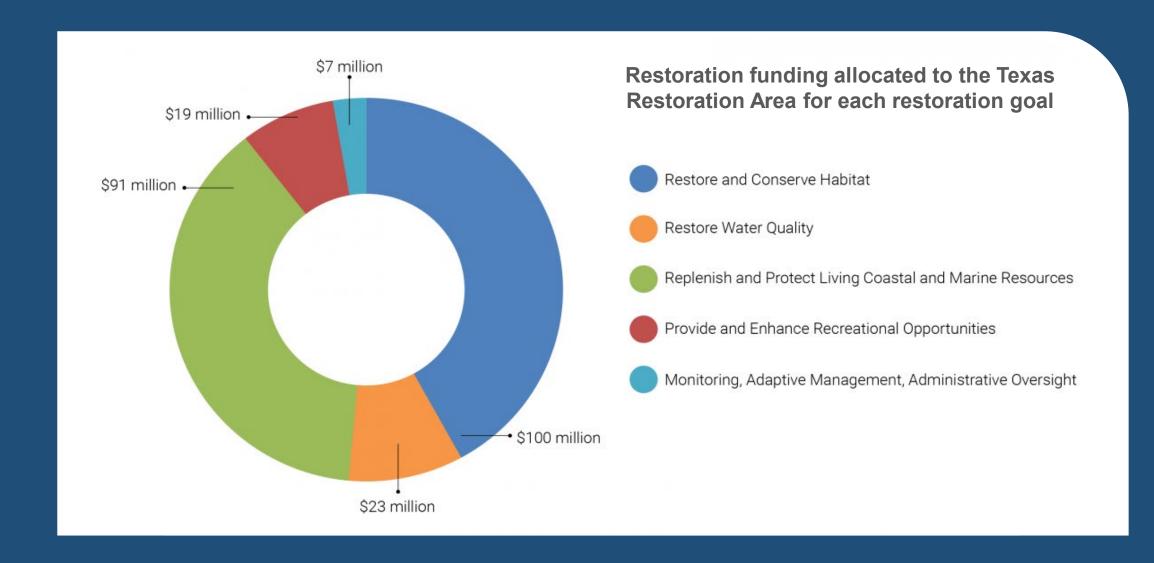
Total Allocation



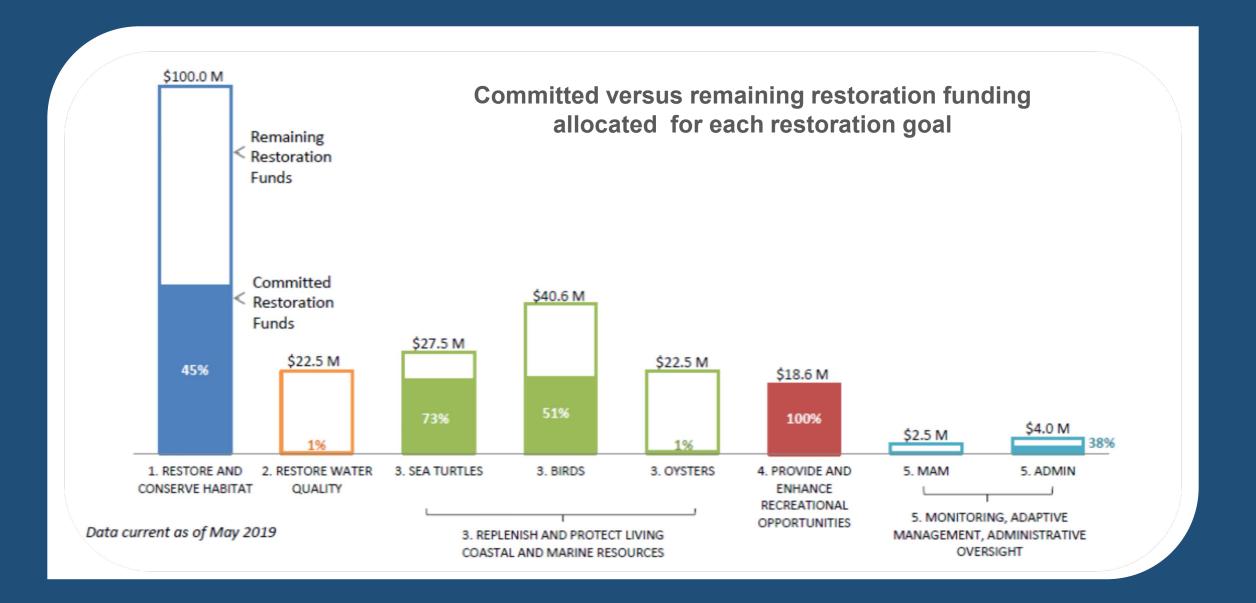
Deepwater Horizon NRDA Restoration Funding

Major Restoration Categories	Unknown Conditions	Region-wide	Open Ocean	Alabama	Florida	Louisiana	Mississippi	Texas	Total Restoration Funding ^a
1. RESTORE AND CONSERVE HABITAT									
Wetlands, Coastal, and Nearshore Habitats				65,000,000	5,000,000	4,009,062,700	55,500,000	100,000,000	4,234,562,700
Habitat Projects on Federally Managed Lands				3,000,000	17,500,000	50,000,000	5,000,000		75,500,000
Early Restoration Projects (through Phase IV)				28,110,000	15,629,367	259,625,700	80,000,000		383,365,067
2. RESTORE WATER QUALITY									
Nutrient Reduction (Nonpoint Source)				5,000,000	35,000,000	20,000,000	27,500,000	22,500,000	110,000,000
Water Quality (e.g. Stormwater Treatments, Hydrologic Restoration, Reduction of Sedimentation, etc.					300,000,000				300,000,000
3. REPLENISH AND PROTECT LIVING COASTAL AND MARINE RESOURCES									
Fish and Water Column Invertebrates			380,000,000						380,000,000
Early Restoration Fish and Water Column			20,000,000						20,000,000
Sturgeon			15,000,000						15,000,000
Sea Turtles		60,000,000	55,000,000	5,500,000	20,000,000	10,000,000	5,000,000	7,500,000	63,000,000
Early Restoration Sea Turtles		29,256,165						19,965,000	49,221,165
Submerged Aquatic Vegetation						22,000,000			22,000,000
Marine Mammals		19,000,000	55,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	50,000,000	10,000,000		44,000,000
Birds		70,400,000	70,000,000	30,000,000	40,000,000	148,500,000	25,000,000	20,000,000	103,900,000
Early Restoration Birds		1,823,100		145,000	2,835,000	71,937,300		20,603,770	97,344,170
Mesophotic and Deep Benthic Communities			273,300,000						273,300,000
Oysters		63,372,413		10,000,000	20,000,000	26,000,000	20,000,000	22,500,000	162,872,413
Early Restoration Oysters				3,329,000	5,370,596	14,874,300	13,600,000		37,173,896
4. PROVIDE AND ENHANCE RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES									
Provide and Enhance Recreational Opportunities				25,000,000	63,274,513	38,000,000	5,000,000		131,274,513
Early Restoration of Recreational Loss			23,397,916	85,505,305	120,543,167	22,000,000	18,957,000	18,582,688	287,986,076
5. MONITORING, ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT, AND ADMINISTRATIVE OVERSIGHT									
Monitoring and Adaptive Management		65,000,000	200,000,000	10,000,000	10,000,000	225,000,000	7,500,000	2,500,000	520,000,000
Administrative Oversight and Comprehensive Planning		40,000,000	150,000,000	20,000,000	20,000,000	33,000,000	22,500,000	4,000,000	289,500,000
Adaptive Management NRD Payment for Unknown Conditions	700,000,000								700,000,000
TOTAL NRD FUNDING	\$700,000,000	\$349,851,678	\$1,240,697,916	\$295,589,305	\$680,152,643	\$5,000,000,000	\$295,557,000	\$238,151,458	
		•							

Texas Allocation of Restoration Funds



Commitment of Restoration Funds



Where to find more NRDA information



Texas Restoration Area

Restoration work in the Texas Restoration Area will focus on restoring wetlands and other coastal habitats and reducing nonpoint source pollution. We will also restore wildlife injured by the spill, including oysters, birds, and sea turtles.

Together, the trustees will restore natural resources—and the services they provide—that were injured by the spill. We will develop project-specific restoration plans, consistent with the **programmatic restoration plan** (see chart below). As part of the restoration planning process, we will accept restoration project ideas from the public. The public will also have the opportunity to review and comment on any proposed project-specific restoration plans for the Texas Restoration Area. Once approved, we will then begin implementation and monitoring of the selected projects.



https://www.gulfspillrestoration.noaa.gov/restoration-areas/texas

Texas Trustee Implementation Group Projects in Progress











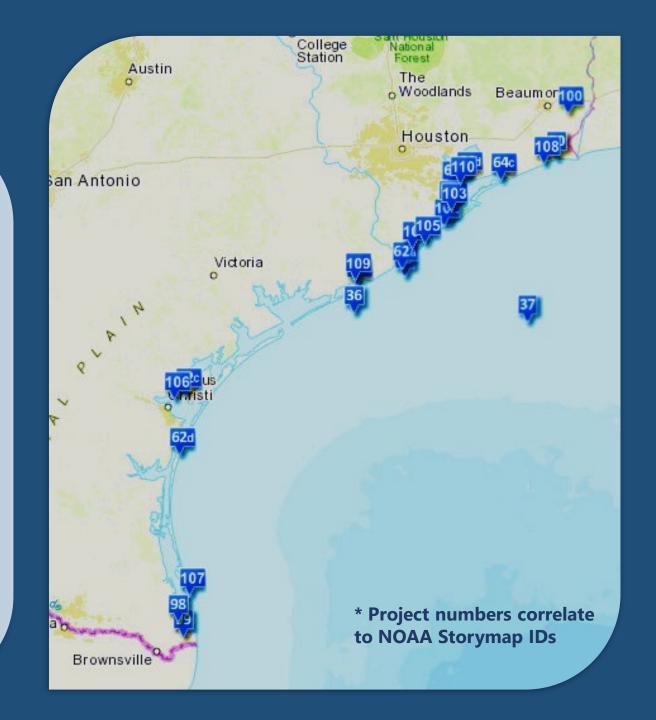




Current NRDA Projects

Twenty (20) active projects along the Texas coast include:

- Hydrologic and wetland restoration
- Habitat acquisition
- Park redevelopment and improvements
- Oyster restoration
- Artificial reef construction
- Sea turtle restoration
- Rookery Island construction



Featured Project Area - Lower Laguna Madre/Bahia Grande

 TX TIG took a landscape approach to selecting restoration projects using NFWF, RESTORE, and DWH NRDA funds



Laguna Atascosa Habitat Acquisition



Location: South Padre Island, Texas

Description:

- Acquisition of important coastal habitat conveyed to U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service - Laguna Atascosa National Wildlife Refuge
- Targets acquisition of over 3,000 acres of beach, dune, and tidal habitats

Benefits: Wetlands, coastal and nearshore habitats

Sea Turtle Restoration



- Enhance hatchling productivity and restore and conserve nesting beach habitat
 - Provide education and outreach
 - Protect nests and nesting beaches
 - Enhance nesting beach restoration and resiliency
- Reduce bycatch through enhanced training and outreach, or enforcement
- Increase survival through enhanced mortality investigation and response

Bahia Grande Coastal Corridor

 Holly Beach Acquisition: ~ 1,300 acres of habitat with 3 miles of frontage on the Lower Laguna Madre and Laguna Vista Cove

 Connect Laguna Atascosa National Wildlife Refuge with habitats stretching into Mexico



Bahia Grande Coastal Corridor Hydrologic Restoration Project



Closed when Highway 48 was built



Channel History

Dust Issues Result





Pilot Channel Dredged





Widen and Deepen the Chanel

- Pilot Channel 2.5% tidal exchange/2 mil cu ft/tide
 (Salinity > 100 ppt with no significant plant & animal survival)
- Main Channel 16-30% tidal exchange/90 mil cu ft/tide



"PILOT" CHANNEL

15-FOOT BOTTOM WIDTH, -3 FEET BELOW MEAN SEA LEVEL)

APPROXIMATE COST: \$90,000.00

"MAIN" CHANNEL

150-FOOT BOTTOM WIDTH, -9 FEET BELOW MEAN SEA LEVEL)
APPROXIMATE COST: \$700,000 TO \$1.4 MILLION

Immediate Benefits of the Project



Wetland Habitat for Wildlife and Waterfowl



Nursery and Habitat for Fish and Shellfish

Next Restoration Plan:

Restoration Plan/Environmental Assessment #2

Solicited Projects – Fall 2020

Restore the Texas Coast Website

Trustee Council's project idea submission portal

Project screening – Winter 2020/2021

Develop Draft Plan including proposed projects

Release Draft Plan for public review and comment – late 2021/early 2022

Address public comments, write and release final plan – mid 2022 (est.)



Questions?













